

## The Department of Physics and Optical Engineering

<b>Course Name:</b>	Interferometry and microscopic interferometry
<b>Course Number:</b>	391540
<b>Course Extent</b>	Lectures 3, Exercises 1, Laboratory 2 weekly hours
<b>Course Demerits</b>	3.5
<b>Pre-requisites</b>	39140 Optical Physics

### Course Goals:

The course intends to provide a basic understanding in interferometric concepts, phenomena, and interferometric measurements as well as a hands-on experience with building interferometers and their applications.

### Course structure and requirements:

The course comprises frontal lectures, laboratory work, exercises and home assignments.

**Course grade:** home assignments comprise 30% and final exam 70% of the course grade.

### Course Topics:

#### 1. Review of pre-requisite topics:

Maxwell equations; the scalar wave equation; plane waves and the ray model; Pointing vector, intensity and power, time averaging in the detector; Gaussian waves; the Fresnel-Huygens integral.

#### 2. Young's experiment:

Diffraction as a basis of interferometry; the underlying contributors to interferometric resolution: wavelength resolution and signal-to-noise limitations.

#### 3. Two-beam interference:

Interferometric fringes of two-beams: path-length, angle and wavefront differences; effects of polarization, intensity differences and coherence.

#### 4. Two-beam and coherence interferometers:

Michelson, Mach-Zehnder, Jamin, Twyman-Green, Linnik, Michelson stellar, and Hanbury-Brown-Twiss interferometers.

5. **Methods for phase shift and interferometric measurement algorithms:**  
Reference-mirror displacement, acousto-optic modulator, electro-optic modulators; three measurement points, LSE, Schwider, error sources.
6. **The interferometer as nature's most accurate measurement instrument:**  
The Michelson-Morley experiment; LIGO: detection of gravitational waves.
7. **Interferometers with overlapping beam paths:**  
Fizeau: measurement of the speed of light in flowing water; Sagnac and the optical gyroscope.
8. **Multi-reflection interferometer – thin films:**  
Interference filters, wavelength filtering, interference mirrors and their manufacturing methods.
9. **Multi-reflection interferometer – Fabry-Pérot:**  
Construction and alignment of the Fabry-Pérot interferometer, finesse, resolution, application in optical systems.
10. **Surface quality and phase reconstruction:**  
Definition and measurement of surface quality; methods for phase reconstruction (error minimization, input-output).